Benjamin Barr 444 N. Michigan Avenue 2 Ste. 1200 Chicago, IL 60611 202.595.4671 b@benjaminbarr.com 4 5 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE 6 7 PROJECT VERITAS ACTION FUND, 8 Complainant, 9 REQUEST FOR CRIMINAL **INVESTIGATION** 10 AUSTRALIAN LABOR PARTY, AMERICA 11 VOTES, BERNIE 2016, CHARLOTTE BARCLAY, ASHLEY BUCK, ALICE 12 CRAWFORD, REBECCA DOYLE, TAIMUS WARNER-GIBBINGS, BEN 13 KREMER, MADELINE NORTHAM, 14 MICHAEL QUINCY, LAURA ROWE, SANDEEP SARATH, MIA ONTARIO-15 SARTARI, KARINA THOMAS, WHITNEY WERNSING. 16 17 Respondents. 18 1. This request for a criminal investigation arises out of the facts detailed by the Federal 19 Election Commission ("FEC") in Matter Under Review 7035 ("In the Matter of Bernie 20 2016"), Conciliation Agreement, available https://htv-prodat: 21 media.s3.amazonaws.com/files/sanders-fec-agreement-1519771765.pdf. There, the FEC 22 determined that the presidential campaign committee Bernie 2016 violated federal 23 election law barring foreign national interference in American elections. However, other 24 laws implicating foreign national involvement in the U.S. political process must also be 25 **REQUEST FOR CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION - 1**

REQUEST FOR CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION - 2

addressed. This request asks for: (a) an investigation to determine whether Bernie 2016 violated additional federal laws barring conspiracies to defraud the U.S. government and to prohibit foreign national interference with U.S. elections and (b) an investigation to determine whether the Australian Labor Party and others violated similar laws.

- 2. The United States of America regulates the activities of foreign individuals and entities that affect the United States in order to prevent, disclose, and counteract improper foreign influence on U.S. elections and on the U.S. political system. Federal law bans foreign nationals from making certain expenditures or financial disbursements for the purpose of influencing federal elections. Federal law also bars agents of any foreign entity from engaging in political activities within the United States without first registering with the Attorney General. Lastly, U.S. law requires certain foreign nationals seeking entry to the United States to obtain a visa by providing truthful and accurate information to the government. Various federal agencies, including the FEC, the U.S. Department of Justice, and the U.S. Department of State, are charged with enforcing these laws.
- 3. Respondent Australian Labor Party ("ALP") is an Australian political party that exists to bring about the "socialisation of industry, production, distribution, and exchange...." AUSTRALIAN LABOR PARTY CONSTITUTION, July 26, 2015, available at: https://cdn.australianlabor.com.au/documents/ALP_National Constitution.pdf. It also engages in operations to engage with the international political process, having invented its own "foreign affairs team," that features excursions to the United Kingdom and Indonesia. It appears it also engages in interference in America's elections and political

processes. Some or all of these activities are funded by the Australian government. *See Election Funding*, Australian Electoral Commission, available at: http://www.aec.gov.au/Parties and Representatives/public funding/index.htm.

- 4. Respondents Mia Ontario-Sartari, Sandeep Sarath, Ashley Buck, Taimus Warner-Gibbings, Karina Thomas, Whitney Wernsing, Rebecca Doyle, Ben Kremer, Madeline Northam, Michael Quincy, Charlotte Barclay, Alice Crawford, and Laura Rowe worked in various capacities to carry out ALP's interference operations targeting the United States. Some or all of these individuals were paid by the ALP for their work and travel. Coordinating the American-Australian program from ALP leadership in Australia was: Sebastian Zwalf, Abi Rajkumar, and Trudy Jackson. During the 2016 presidential election, Respondents knowingly and intentionally conspired with each other (and with persons known and unknown) to defraud the United States by impairing, obstructing, and defeating the lawful functions of the government through fraud and deceit for the purpose of interfering with the U.S. political and electoral processes.
- 5. ALP operated as agents of Bernie 2016, the presidential campaign committee of Bernie Sanders. The ALP interfered with the American electoral process by providing foreign national assistance to the Sanders campaign to influence Americans to vote for Sanders and to otherwise support socialist policies. As demonstrated in a report produced by Project Veritas Action Fund ("PVA"), these agents engaged in state-level criminal infractions. See Australian Labor Party Assisting Democratic US Campaigns in Violation of Campaign Finance Laws, Feb. 25, 2016, available at:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p7kPtWAzvU4. ALP also assisted the Sanders campaign in its effort to elect Bernie Sanders as President and acted as a means to reach significant numbers of Americans for purposes of interfering with the U.S. political system.

6. In order to carry out their activities to interfere in U.S. political and electoral processes, Respondents conspired to obstruct the lawful functions of the United States government through fraud and deceit, including by making contributions and expenditures in connection with the 2016 U.S. presidential election without proper regulatory disclosure; failing to register as foreign agents carrying out political activities within the United States; and possibly obtaining visas through false and fraudulent statements.

COUNT ONE: CONSPIRACY TO DEFRAUD THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT 18 U.S.C. § 371

- 7. Paragraphs 1 through 6 are re-alleged and incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein.
- 8. Beginning on or about February 1, 2016 in New Hampshire, Nevada, North Carolina, Iowa, and elsewhere, Respondents, together with others unknown, intentionally conspired to defraud the United States by impairing, obstructing, and defeating the lawful functions of the FEC, the U.S. Department of Justice, and possibly the U.S. Department of State in administering federal requirements for disclosure of foreign involvement in certain domestic activities.

Relevant Parties

- 9. Respondent ALP is an Australian political party created to "bring about the 'socialisation of industry, production, distribution, and exchange...." ALP CONSTITUTION at 4. During 2016, ALP engaged in what its agents describe as an "exchange program" with Bernie 2016. The ostensible purpose of this program was to influence the 2016 presidential election while agitating and advocating for socialist political change in the U.S.
 - a. The ALP deployed at least 13 foreign nationals to the United States on its self-professed "exchange program" with the Sanders Campaign.
 - b. In the PVA video, ALP agents were recorded destroying political yard signs located in residential locations advocating the election of Donald Trump for president.
 - c. Similarly, other ALP agents can be seen performing office and administrative tasks for the Sanders Campaign, and otherwise supporting its function—to elect Bernie Sanders as President of the United States.
- 10. Bernie 2016 entered into a conciliation agreement with the FEC concerning these activities. https://htv-prod-media.s3.amazonaws.com/files/sanders-fec-agreement-1519771765.pdf (attached to this complaint as EXHIBIT A). As agreed to by Bernie 2016, the "exchange program" in question involved:
 - a. In November 2015, ALP requested that Bernie 2016 allow "Australian delegates" to be used in the campaign.

- b. The Bernie 2016 campaign assented to this request and coordinated with the ALP to "make arrangements for the arrivals of delegates to various campaign offices of the Committee."
- c. The ALP foreign nationals engaged in "hands-on" political activity in support of Bernie 2016. This included:
 - i. "[E]ncouraging voter attendance at campaign events";
 - ii. "[R]ecruiting volunteers";
 - iii. "[C]anvassing with volunteers"; and
 - iv. "[P]lanning events."
- d. The Federal Election Campaign Act ("FECA") prohibits any foreign national from making "a contribution or donation of money or other thing of value" in connection with federal, state or local elections. 52 U.S.C. § 30121(a)(1)(A); 11 CFR § 110.20(b).
- e. A "foreign national" means a foreign principal, which includes a "foreign political party." 52 U.S.C. 30121(b)(1). A contribution includes the "payment by any person of compensation for the personal services of another person which are rendered to a political committee without charge for any purpose." 52 U.S.C. § 30101(8)(A)(ii); 11 CFR § 100.54.

- f. The FEC concluded that the ALP foreign nationals provided "campaign services" to Bernie 2016 to carry out its principal function—the election of Bernie Sanders as President of the United States.¹
- g. The FEC further concluded that the ALP paid some \$16,140 for the foreign nationals' flights and \$8,282 for stipends or salaries.
- h. Upon admission to the FEC, Bernie 2016 admitted that it had knowledge of foreign nationals working to influence the 2016 presidential election. Bernie 2016 acknowledged that "some Committee staffers were aware that the ALP delegates received a stipend from the ALP...."
- i. Bernie 2016 agreed to a civil penalty of \$14,500 finding that it accepted \$24,422 in prohibited in-kind foreign national contributions.
- 11. Bernie 2016 is the principal campaign committee of 2016 Presidential candidate Bernie Sanders.
 - a. The Federal Election Campaign Act ("FECA") prohibits persons from knowingly accepting or receiving a contribution from a foreign national. 52 U.S.C. § 30101(8)(B)(i); 11 CFR § 100.74.
 - b. The costs for travel taken at the direction of a candidate or authorized or requested by a candidate are treated as contributions. *Buckley v. Valeo*, 424 U.S. 1, 37-38 (1976).

¹ It remains similarly illegal in Nevada for foreign nationals to interfere with and influence American elections. *See* Nev. Stat. §294A.325. REQUEST FOR CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION - 7

c. Based on the video recorded by PVA and the findings of the FEC, it is apparent that Bernie 2016 actively encouraged and participated with the ALP to use foreign nationals to interfere with the U.S. political process. *See Australian Labor Party Assisting Democratic US Campaigns in Violation of Campaign Finance Laws*, Feb. 25, 2016, available at: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p7kPtWAzvU4.

- 12. America Votes describes itself as the "coordination hub of the progressive community."

 See https://americavotes.org. It is organized as a social welfare organization under Section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code. In the course of its own investigation, PVA discovered that Scott Nunnery, National Political Director of America Votes, helped act as a hub to place the foreign nationals in various Bernie 2016 campaign positions. Further investigation is warranted to determine the extent of involvement by America Votes and whether any of its actions violated relevant IRS regulations or laws barring assistance to foreign nationals interfering in the U.S. political process.
- 13. The FEC is a federal agency that administers the FECA. The FECA prohibits foreign nationals from making any contributions, expenditures, independent expenditures, or disbursements for electioneering communications. FECA also requires that individuals or entities who make certain independent expenditures in federal elections report those expenditures to the FEC. The reporting requirements permit the FEC to fulfill its statutory duties of providing the American public with accurate data about the financial activities of individuals and entities supporting federal candidates, and enforcing FECA's limits and prohibitions, including the ban on foreign expenditures.

14. The U.S. Department of Justice administers the Foreign Agents Registration Act ("FARA"). 22 U.S.C. § 611, et seq. FARA establishes a registration, reporting, and disclosure regime for agents of foreign principals so that the U.S. government and its citizens are informed of the source of information and the identity of persons attempting to influence U.S. public opinion, policy, and law. FARA requires that persons subject to its requirements submit periodic registration statements containing truthful information about their activities and the income earned from them. Disclosure of the required information allows the federal government and the American people to evaluate the statements and activities of such persons in light of their function as foreign actors.

15. The U.S. Department of State is the agency responsible for the issuance of non-immigrant visas to foreign individuals who require a visa to enter the United States. Foreign individuals who are required to obtain a visa must provide truthful information in response to questions on the visa application form, including information about their employment and the purpose of their visit to the United States.

Activities in Controversy

16. As stipulated to in the FEC conciliation agreement, the Australian foreign nationals performed "campaign services" in furtherance of the goal to interfere in and influence the America presidential election of 2016. These services included encouraging would-be voters to attend campaign events, recruiting volunteers to assist Bernie 2016, canvassing electoral prospects, and planning electoral events. *See In the Matter of Bernie 2016*, Conciliation Agreement at 2, available at: <a href="https://htv-prod-parallelectoral-https://https://htv-prod-parallelectoral-https://https://https://https://http-prod-parallelectoral-https://http-prod-parallelectoral-https://http-prod-parallelectoral-https://http-prod-parallelectoral-https://http-prod-parallelectoral-https://http-prod-parallelectoral-https://http-prod-parallelectoral-https://http-prod-parallelectoral-https://http-prod-parallelectoral-https://http-prod-parallelectoral-https://http-prod-parallelectoral-https://http-prod-parallelectoral-https://http-prod-parallelectoral-https://http-prod-parallelectoral-https://http-prod-parallelectoral-https://http-prod-pa

<u>media.s3.amazonaws.com/files/sanders-fec-agreement-1519771765.pdf</u>. Since all these activities rest within the ambit of campaign services designed to influence an election, that interference by foreign nationals is illegal.

17. The underlying regulation that gives meaning to the ban on foreign nationals making contributions or expenditures affecting the U.S. electoral process is found at 11 C.F.R. § 110.20. As to intent, it must be shown that the person receiving the assistance was "aware of facts that would lead a reasonable person to inquire whether the source of the funds solicited, accepted or received is a foreign national, but the person failed to conduct a reasonable inquiry." 11 C.F.R. § 110.20(a)(4)(iii). In the facts in controversy, Bernie 2016 already admitted that it assented to a program in which foreign nationals would assist its campaign, and actively made arrangements for foreign nationals to assist the electoral efforts of Bernie 2016. As demonstrated through the PVA video, the Australians were readily identifiable due to their accents, freely discussed their nationality and placement in the campaign, and readily provided details that their financial support came from a foreign political party, namely the ALP. Under these facts, there appears to be a criminal violation of federal election law left untouched by the FEC conciliation agreement.

18. Due to the admissions contained in the FEC conciliation agreement and the video provided by PVA, it appears violations of the FARA are also at issue. FARA requires that persons subject to its reach register and report so that the federal government and the American people may evaluate the statements and propaganda issued by foreign actors.

REQUEST FOR CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION - 10

FARA may be implicated when, among other things, a foreign actor asks an agent to act as a "political consultant" or to engage in "political activities" affecting the domestic or foreign policies of the United States. *See* 22 U.S.C. § 611 (o), (p). In this instance, several Australian individuals committed to the cause of international socialism embarked to aid the campaign of Bernie 2016. Bernie Sanders raised many issues related to domestic and foreign policies in the United States, including "living wage" reform, "racial justice," and "standing with Guam." *See* https://berniesanders.com/issues/. Because these issues constitute both domestic and foreign policy affairs under the ambit of the FARA, the unregistered foreign nationals' actions here are likely in violation of the law. Indeed, a search of reported Australian agents under the FARA database include many Australian agents, but no noted registrations by the Australian Labor Party.

- 19. Upon information and belief, the Australian foreign nationals implicated here may also have violated visa requirements found in 18 U.S.C. § 1546. That law prohibits foreigners entering the United States from making false statements in connection with immigration laws and regulations. If the Australian foreign nationals failed to declare the purpose of their visit, falsely listed it as a "vacation," or otherwise hid the true nature of their political engagement, a violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1546 may be at issue. Only further investigation will demonstrate this.
- 20. Title 18, U.S.C. Section 371 punishes any conspiracy whose object is to "interfere with or obstruct one of [government's] lawful governmental functions by deceit, craft, or trickery, or at least by means that are dishonest." *Hammerschmidt v. U.S.*, 265 U.S. 182,

188 (1924). *Hammerschmidt* remains controlling precedent in defining the scope of Section 371. *See, e.g., U.S. v. Coplan*, 703 F.3d 46, 59-61 (2d Cir. 2012); *U.S. v. Blankenship*, 2015 WL 3506061 (S.D.W.Va. 2015).

- 21. To prove a prohibited conspiracy under Section 371, there must be evidence that individuals attempted to impair, impede, or defeat a government agency by dishonest means. Based on the facts agreed to in the Bernie 2016 Conciliation Agreement with the FEC, it appears there was a violation of Section 371. As to Bernie 2016, it engaged in a conspiracy with ALP to hide foreign national involvement with its campaign. As to ALP, it would appear it: (a) engaged in a conspiracy with Bernie 2016 to violate foreign national prohibitions found in the FECA, (b) failed to register and report as a foreign agent acting to influence the American political process under FARA, (c) caused false reports to be filed by Bernie 2016 to the FEC, and (d) may have violated U.S. visa provisions if its agents unlawfully answered entrance questions to the United States.
- 22. Given the unusual breadth and depth of likely foreign involvement in America's 2016 presidential election, we request a thorough criminal investigation of the matters described herein. *See, e.g.,* Grand Jury Indicts Thirteen Russian Individuals and Three Russian Companies for Scheme to Interfere in the United States Political System, Department of Justice, Feb. 16, 2018, available at: https://www.justice.gov/opa/pr/grand-jury-indicts-thirteen-russian-individuals-and-three-russian-companies-scheme-interfere;

 U.S. v. Internet Research Agency LLC, (D.D.C. 1:18-cr-00032-DLF), Feb. 16, 2018, available at: https://www.justice.gov/file/1035477/download.

REQUEST FOR CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION - 13

COUNT TWO: FALSE STATEMENTS TO THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT 18 U.S.C. § 1001

- 23. Paragraphs 1 through 22 are re-alleged and incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein. Because the actions establishing a violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1001 are described in detail in COUNT ONE, they will not be repeated here.
- 24. Due to the admissions contained in the FEC conciliation agreement and the PVA video, there are likely violations of 18 U.S.C. § 1001, the federal "false statements" law. Under Section 1001, it is illegal to engage in: (1) falsifying, concealing or any cover-up of a material fact by any trick, scheme, or device; (2) making a materially false, fictitious, or fraudulent statements or representations; and (3) making or use of a writing or document with knowledge that such document contains materially false, fictitious or fraudulent statements. The facts in controversy suggest that both the ALP and Bernie 2016 engaged in a conspiracy to ensure that false reports, or concealment of required reports, would be given to the FEC, DOJ, and State Department.
- 25. To ensure that Australian foreign nationals could interfere with the political process without suspicion, the ALP did not register as a foreign agent influencing the American political process, violated the ban on foreign nationals contributing to American elections, and may have violated State Department visa requirements. The ALP also caused Bernie 2016 to submit false reports to the FEC lacking information concerning their contributions to the campaign.

24

25

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	

26.	These false statements all impair the functions and duties of the respective government
	agencies. With respect to the FEC and DOJ, their abilities to provide accurate information
	to the American public about the source of foreign engagement in the American political
	process was obstructed.

- 27. Not unlike other obstructions by foreign actors in the 2016 presidential election, the facts discovered by PVA and the FEC suggest additional investigation is warranted here. Without such an investigation, the integrity of American elections is in jeopardy and the transparency of foreign influence on the U.S. political process is thwarted.
- 28. Justice Brandeis famously reminded America that sunlight is the "best of disinfectants." L. Brandeis, Other People's Money 62 (1933). Without examining these attempts to influence the American political process by foreign agents, any hope of transparency will be denied. Only by investigating the underlying facts described in this request will the full scope of foreign intervention properly be understood and addressed. We thank you for your attention to this matter and remain available at your disposal to discuss it and assist in any fact finding.

March 8, 2018

Benjamin Barr

Counsel

Project Veritas Action Fund